

International Travel and Migration: November 2011

Embargoed until 10:45am – 21 December 2011

Key facts

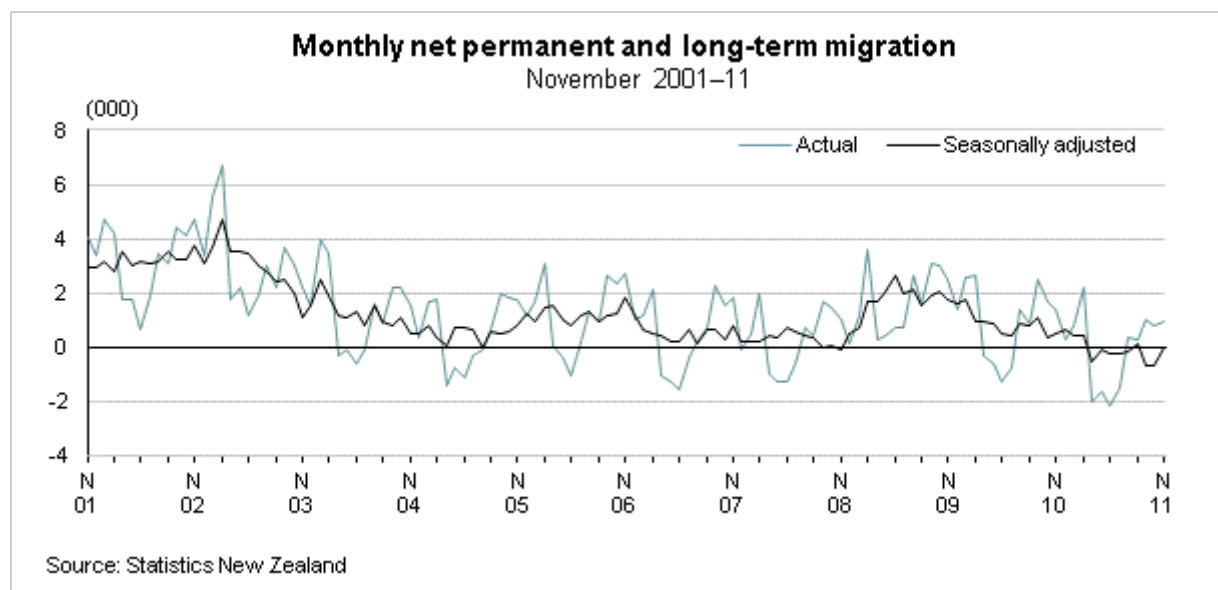
In November 2011 compared with November 2010:

- Visitor arrivals (230,300) were up 3,800. The biggest changes were in arrivals from:
 - Australia (up 6,400)
 - China (up 3,700)
 - Malaysia (up 1,300)
 - Japan (down 2,500)
 - Korea (down 1,600)
 - the United States (down 1,300)
 - the United Kingdom (down 1,200).

- Overseas trips by New Zealand residents (174,600) were up 13,700. The biggest changes were in departures to:
 - Australia (up 4,600)
 - India (up 1,100).

In November 2011:

- Seasonally adjusted figures showed a net loss of less than 100 migrants.



Geoff Bascand
Government Statistician

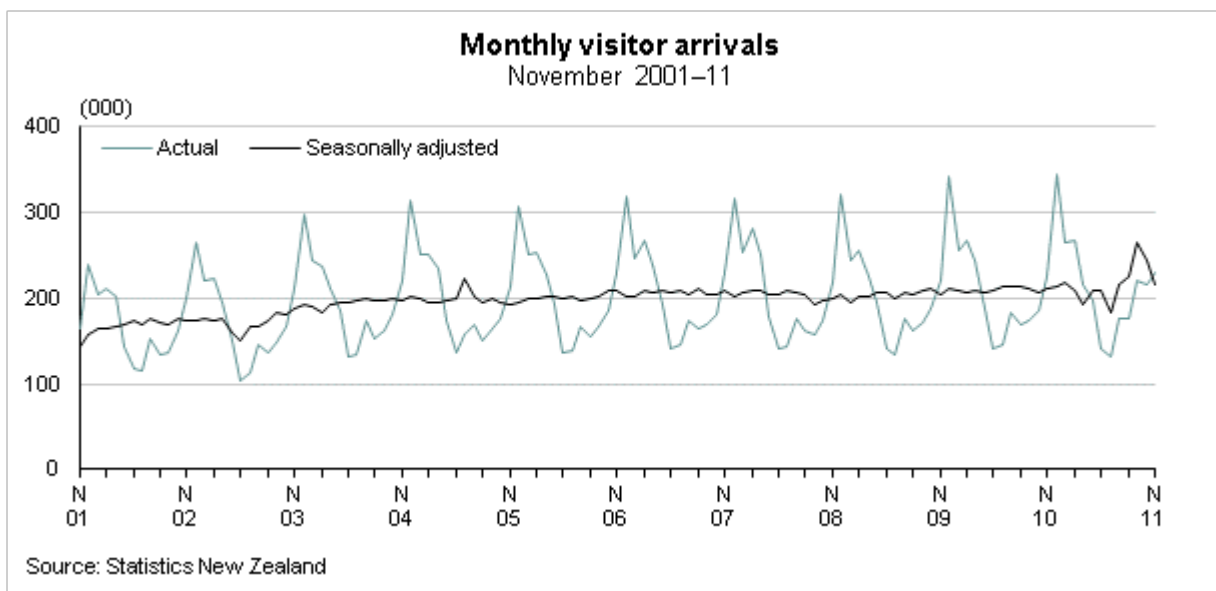
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Commentary

- Monthly visitor arrivals reach November month high
- Annual visitor arrivals up 2 percent
- More trips by New Zealand residents in November
- Annual trips by New Zealand residents up 4 percent
- Net loss of migrants continues
- Largest annual net loss of migrants since 2001

Monthly visitor arrivals reach November month high

Short-term overseas visitor arrivals to New Zealand in November 2011 (230,300) were up 2 percent from November 2010 (226,500). This is a new high for a November month, surpassing the previous November high recorded in 2006 (229,900).



Visitor arrivals by country of residence

The biggest changes in visitor arrivals by country of residence between November 2010 and November 2011 were in arrivals from:

- Australia (up 6,400)
- China (up 3,700)
- Malaysia (up 1,300)
- Japan (down 2,500)
- Korea (down 1,600)
- the United States (down 1,300)
- the United Kingdom (down 1,200).

The increase in visitors from Australia in November 2011 was due to more visitors from Queensland (up 3,000), New South Wales and Victoria (each up 1,000), and Western Australia (up 700).

Arrivals from Malaysia, China, and Singapore have been boosted by new flights from Singapore (from March 2011), Guangzhou (from April 2011), and Kuala Lumpur (from April 2011). Arrivals from China have now increased in every month since May 2010, compared with the same month of the previous year.

Arrivals from Japan and Korea have been decreasing since the Christchurch earthquake on 22 February 2011. Visits from Japan were further affected after that country experienced its own devastating earthquake and tsunami in March 2011.

Visitor arrivals by travel purpose

The biggest changes in visitor arrivals by travel purpose between November 2010 and November 2011 were in arrivals for:

- visiting friends and relatives (up 7,000)
- holidays (down 3,400).

Of the increase in people arriving to visit friends and relatives, 5,600 were from Australia (4,400 of these were New Zealand citizens). The number of people arriving to visit friends and relatives (67,900) reached a November month high, surpassing the previous high recorded in 2009 (62,500).

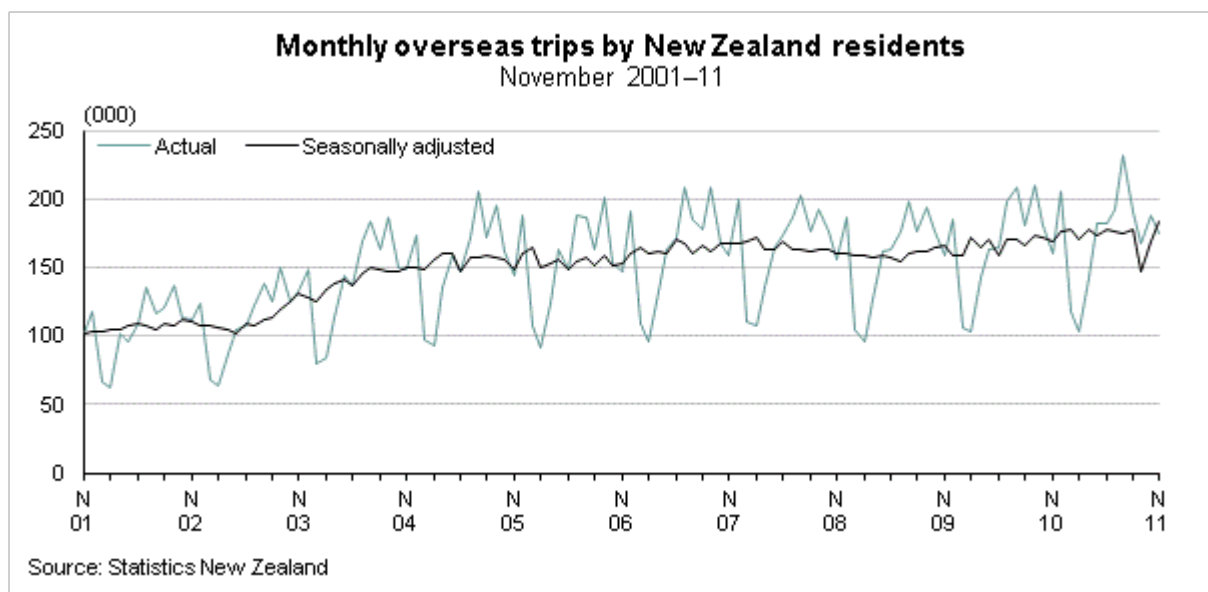
Annual visitor arrivals up 2 percent

There were 2.583 million visitor arrivals to New Zealand in the November 2011 year. This was up 2 percent from the November 2010 year (2.521 million). A number of major events affected visitor arrivals in 2011, including the Canterbury earthquakes, flight disruptions due to volcanic ash, and the Rugby World Cup.

For more detailed data about visitor arrivals, see the Excel tables in the 'Downloads' box.

More trips by New Zealand residents in November

New Zealand residents departed on 9 percent more overseas trips in November 2011 (174,600) than in November 2010 (160,800). This was a record for a November month, and was possibly boosted by people delaying their trips until after the Rugby World Cup. Departures in the combined months of September and October 2011, which coincided with the Rugby World Cup, were down 9 percent when compared with the same period in 2010.



Overseas trips by country of main destination

The biggest changes in overseas trips by country of main destination (where the person will spend the most time when overseas) between November 2010 and November 2011 were in trips to:

- Australia (up 4,600)
- India (up 1,100)
- Fiji (up 900)
- China (up 800).

Overseas trips to Australia (84,100) reached a November month high, surpassing the previous high recorded in 2007 (81,900).

Visiting friends and family (up 900) was the main reason that New Zealand residents travelled to India. Residents born in either China or India (5,600 and 4,500, respectively) made almost three-quarters of the trips to China (7,800) and India (6,100) in November.

Annual trips by New Zealand residents up 4 percent

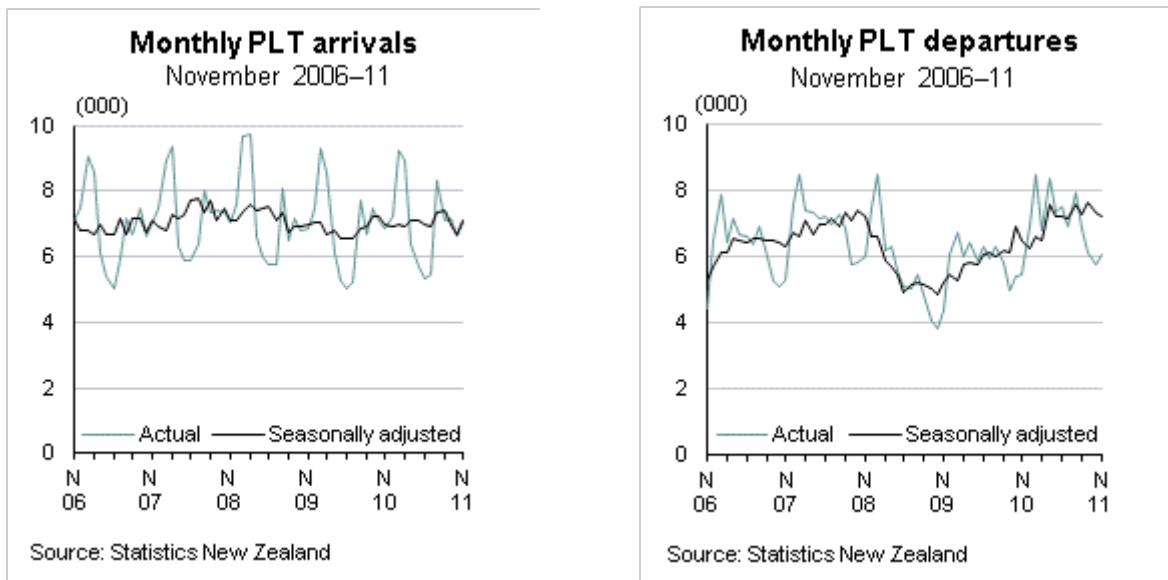
Trips taken by New Zealand residents in the November 2011 year (2.080 million) were up 4 percent from the November 2010 year (2.005 million). Much of the increase came from trips to Asia (up 12 percent), boosted by new flights to Singapore, Guangzhou, and Kuala Lumpur. There were more trips to Thailand, the Cook Islands, Singapore, Fiji, the United States, and India. There were fewer trips to Japan, following Japan's devastating earthquake and tsunami in March 2011, and to Samoa.

For more detailed data on overseas trips by New Zealand residents, see the Excel tables in the 'Downloads' box.

Net loss of migrants continues

Seasonally adjusted permanent and long-term (PLT) migration figures showed a small net loss (an excess of departures over arrivals) of less than 100 migrants in November 2011. Since

the February 2011 earthquake in Christchurch, New Zealand has had a net loss of migrants in all months except August 2011.



Unadjusted figures showed a net inflow of 900 migrants in November 2011, compared with 1,400 in November 2010. The main changes were:

- 600 more departures of New Zealand citizens to Australia
- 300 more arrivals of non-New Zealand citizens, including 200 more on work visas
- 200 more departures of non-New Zealand citizens.

In November 2011, there were net gains of migrants from the United Kingdom (1,100), India (400), China (300), the Philippines, the United States of America, France, and Ireland (each 200).

There was a net loss of 2,500 migrants to Australia, up from 1,700 in November 2010. The highest-ever net loss for a November month was in 2008 (2,600).

Migration to and from Christchurch stabilised in November

Five hundred Christchurch residents moved overseas in November 2011, the same as in November 2010. Since the devastating earthquake on 22 February 2011, there have been 6,500 departures from Christchurch, compared with 4,200 during the same period in 2010.

Five hundred migrants arrived from overseas to settle in Christchurch in November 2011, also the same as in November 2010. Since the February earthquake, there have been 3,700 arrivals to Christchurch, compared with 4,800 during the same period in 2010.

Largest annual net loss of migrants since 2001

There were 84,400 PLT arrivals in the November 2011 year, up 2 percent from the November 2010 year. There were 85,000 PLT departures, up 19 percent from the previous year. This meant that there was a net loss of 600 migrants in the November 2011 year.

This net loss is the largest since the September 2001 year (1,700). New Zealand has experienced numerous periods of negative net migration. The highest net loss since the PLT migration series started (in April 1921) was 43,600 people in the July 1979 year.

New Zealand's net loss of migrants in the November 2011 year was due to a net loss of 35,800 people to Australia. This is the highest-ever recorded net loss to Australia, surpassing the previous high of 35,400 people in the December 2008 year. The November 2011 year figure resulted from 50,100 departures to Australia, offset by 14,400 arrivals from Australia. In both directions, most migrants were New Zealand citizens.

There were net gains of migrants from most other countries, led by the United Kingdom (5,800), India (5,100), and China (4,600) in the November 2011 year.

For more detailed data about permanent and long-term migration, see the Excel tables in the 'Downloads' box.

Definitions

About the International Travel and Migration statistics

International travel and migration statistics count passengers arriving into and departing from New Zealand. Passengers are split into one of three passenger types: overseas visitors, New Zealand-resident travellers, and permanent and long-term migrants.

Arrivals and departures of overseas visitors and New Zealand resident travellers are key indicators of tourism and travel. Permanent and long-term migration is a component in New Zealand's population change (along with births and deaths), measuring changes in the characteristics of the population as well as population size.

More definitions

Citizenship: determined from the country that issued the passport the person uses when arriving or departing. A person may hold passports from more than one country.

Country of main destination: the country where a New Zealand-resident traveller will spend the most time while overseas. Departure cards do not ask travellers which other countries they intend to visit on the same trip.

Country of residence: for arrivals, this is the country the person last lived in for 12 months or more. For departures, it is the country the person will next live in for 12 months or more.

New Zealand-resident travellers: people who live in New Zealand and are travelling overseas for less than 12 months.

Overseas visitors: people who live overseas and are visiting New Zealand for less than 12 months.

Passenger type: each passenger is classed as an overseas visitor, a New-Zealand resident traveller, or a permanent and long-term migrant. Passenger type is not related to legal permanent residence in a country or the visa type a person holds. It is based on the time spent in and out of New Zealand. This is primarily determined from responses on the arrival and departure cards to questions about how long the person is in or away from New Zealand, and where they last lived and will next live for 12 months or more.

Permanent and long-term arrivals: people from overseas arriving to live in New Zealand for 12 months or more (including permanently), and New Zealanders returning after an absence of 12 months or more overseas.

Permanent and long-term departures: New Zealanders departing for an absence of 12 months or more (including permanently), and people from overseas who are departing after a stay of 12 months or more in New Zealand.

Travel purpose: The main purpose for the visit to New Zealand or trip overseas. Categories are holiday, visiting friends and relatives, business, conferences and conventions, education, and other.

Related links

Upcoming releases

International Travel and Migration: December 2011 will be released on 3 February 2012.

The [Release calendar](#) lists all our upcoming information releases by date of release.

Past releases

See [International Travel and Migration – information releases](#) for links to past releases.

Related information

Information about international travel

[International Visitor Arrivals to New Zealand](#) contains detailed tables about the number and characteristics of visitor arrivals. It is released two working days after each *International Travel and Migration* information release.

[Provisional international travel statistics](#) provide the latest weekly and four-weekly figures for visitor arrivals and New Zealand-resident traveller departures, including figures for 10 major source and destination countries. These are released weekly, usually at 3pm on a Friday.

[International travel and migration articles](#) are occasional publications that provide analysis of selected topics.

Statistics NZ's [Tourism](#) web page lists tourism-related data sources, such as the Accommodation Survey and the Tourism Satellite Account.

[The Tourism Strategy Group research website](#) (part of the Ministry of Economic Development) provides tourism data such as the International Visitor Survey and tourism forecasts.

[Tourism New Zealand](#) provides guides to New Zealand's key tourism markets, which include the outlook for future months.

Information about international migration

[International travel and migration articles](#) are occasional publications that provide analysis of selected topics.

Statistics NZ's [Migration](#) web page lists migration-related data sources, such as the Longitudinal Immigration Survey.

[Labour and Immigration Research Centre](#), on the Department of Labour's website, includes information about the immigration research programme and published research reports.

[Immigration New Zealand statistics](#), published by the Department of Labour, include application and approval numbers for the main immigration visa types.

Data quality

Data source

International travel and migration statistics are based on electronic arrival and departure records for each international passenger, supplied to Statistics New Zealand by the New Zealand Customs Service. These electronic records include flight and passport details, such as date of travel, date of birth, sex, and country of citizenship.

The New Zealand Customs Service also supplies Statistics NZ with arrival and departure cards completed by passengers. Additional detail such as country of residence and travel purpose is captured from these cards and added to the information from electronic records.

Arrival and departure cards are owned by Immigration New Zealand, and are used to administer numerous New Zealand laws in addition to the production of statistics. Statistics NZ captures information from the cards only for statistical purposes, and passes the cards to Immigration NZ after data capture is complete.

A copy of the [arrival card](#) (PDF, 84kb) is available on the New Zealand Customs Service website. A copy of the [departure card](#) is available on the Statistics NZ website. These are for reference only.

Accuracy of the data

Data collection

Statistics NZ scans every arrival and departure card, and uses image recognition technology to automatically recognise and code responses. Processing staff then manually capture any required information not captured automatically – as not every response can be clearly recognised by automated software.

The imaging system automatically determines all of the information required for around 9 in every 10 cards, meaning about 1 million records are completed manually each year.

Some response fields are required from every card. These include passport number and birth date, which are used to match each card with the corresponding electronic record containing flight and passport details. Some fields are only required for certain passenger types, or for a sample of passengers.

Changes in recorded passenger intentions

All arrivals and departures are processed so they can be allocated to one of three passenger types: overseas visitors, New Zealand-resident travellers, and permanent and long-term migrants.

A person may change their intentions after their arrival or departure, which may mean the recorded passenger type becomes incorrect. Statistics NZ does not revise published statistics to adjust for such changes.

Sampling

Some fields are only collected for a sample of passengers. Data from the sample is used to estimate the characteristics of the full population. This still provides a good picture of the characteristics of travellers, while greatly decreasing the time and cost of capturing the data.

All figures for permanent and long-term migrants are actual counts (not derived from a sample). Arrival and departure totals for overseas visitors and New Zealand-resident travellers are also actual counts. More detailed data for overseas visitors and New Zealand-resident travellers, such as figures by country or travel purpose, are derived from a sample.

The sample ratios currently used are:

- Overseas visitor arrivals: 1 in 16
- Overseas visitor departures: 1 in 26
- New Zealand-resident traveller arrivals: 1 in 26
- New Zealand-resident traveller departures: 1 in 20.

Figures derived from a sample may contain sample error (a difference from the actual figure). Small numbers are more likely to contain a large sample error as a percentage of the actual figure, and should be used with caution.

Tables showing the sample errors for selected cell sizes are available from the [Information about international travel and migration](#) page on the Statistics NZ website.

Seasonally adjusted and trend series

The purpose of seasonally adjusting a time series is to measure and remove the varying seasonal components in the series (for example, there are more visitor arrivals during the New Zealand summer, due to the warmer weather and longer daylight hours). This makes the data for adjacent periods more comparable.

The seasonal adjustment process for international travel and migration statistics uses Statistics NZ's standard seasonal adjustment package, X-12-ARIMA, with enhancements that allow the specification and adjustment of additional calendar effects. These include the number and type of trading days in the month (as more people generally arrive and depart on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday), and holiday periods, which have important effects on travel but can occur in different months each year (eg Easter can be in March or April).

Both monthly and quarterly seasonally adjusted series are available. The quarterly series are adjusted independently of the adjustments made to the monthly series. Hence, quarterly figures may not equal the sum of monthly seasonally adjusted figures.

Seasonally adjusted and trend data back to January 1996 is subject to revision each period. The size of these revisions is expected to be minimal, with the largest revisions occurring in the periods immediately before the current month or quarter. Data before January 1996 is not revised. This cut-off is used because of the change to a four-term school year in 1996, which resulted in changes to the seasonal patterns of the New Zealand-resident traveller series.

Interpreting the data

Passenger counts

The statistics in this release relate to the number of passenger movements to and from New Zealand, rather than to the number of people – that is, the multiple movements of individual people during a given reference period are each counted separately. For example, a New Zealand resident making five business trips overseas within a year would be counted as five arrivals and five departures.

Timing of published data

Final international travel and migration statistics: released approximately three weeks after the end of the reference month. This delay is longer for December and January data due to the peak travel period coinciding with the Christmas and New Year holidays.

New Zealand and overseas port data: becomes available two working days after the international travel and migration release.

Provisional international travel statistics: normally released at 3pm every Friday on the [Provisional international travel statistics](#) web page. These show the latest weekly and four-weekly figures for visitor arrivals and New Zealand-resident traveller departures, including figures for 10 major source and destination countries. No further data is available until the monthly release of final statistics.

Confidentiality

Statistics NZ releases statistics derived from arriving and departing passenger records. It does not release the records of individual passengers.

More information

More [information about international travel and migration](#) is available on our website.

Liability

While all care and diligence has been used in processing, analysing, and extracting data and information in this publication, Statistics NZ gives no warranty it is error-free and will not be liable for any loss or damage suffered by the use directly, or indirectly, of the information in this publication.

Timing

Timed statistical releases are delivered using postal and electronic services provided by third parties. Delivery of these releases may be delayed by circumstances outside the control of Statistics NZ. Statistics NZ accepts no responsibility for any such delays.

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Tables

The following tables are included with this release. They are available in Excel format from the 'Downloads' box of *International Travel and Migration: November 2011* on the Statistics NZ website.

If you do not have access to Excel, you may use the [Excel file viewer](#) to view, print, and export the contents of the file.

1. International travel and migration, by direction and passenger type, actual counts
2. International travel and migration, by direction and passenger type, seasonally adjusted and trend series
3. Short-term overseas visitor arrivals, by country of last permanent residence
4. Short-term overseas visitor arrivals, by travel purpose and country of last permanent residence
5. Short-term New Zealand-resident traveller departures, by country of main destination
6. Permanent and long-term arrivals, by country of last permanent residence
7. Permanent and long-term departures, by country of next permanent residence
8. Net permanent and long-term migration, by country of last/next permanent residence
9. Permanent and long-term migration, by citizenship

Access more data on Infoshare

Use [Infoshare](#), a free, online database to access time-series data specific to your needs. To access the release time series on Infoshare, select the following categories from the homepage:

Subject category: **Tourism**

Group: **International Travel and Migration**

Table 1

International travel and migration

By direction and passenger type

Actual counts

Period	Arrivals				Departures				Net permanent & long-term migration ⁽⁷⁾
	Short-term overseas visitors ⁽¹⁾	Short-term NZ-resident travellers ⁽²⁾	Permanent & long-term migrants ⁽³⁾	Total	Short-term overseas visitors ⁽⁴⁾	Short-term NZ-resident travellers ⁽⁵⁾	Permanent & long-term migrants ⁽⁶⁾	Total	
Series ref: ITM	SVAZA	SRAZA	SPZAA	STZAA	SVDZA	SRDZA	SPZDA	STZDA	SPZNA
November month									
2001	164,636	92,213	8,058	264,907	144,611	101,932	4,038	250,581	4,020
2002	198,705	102,112	8,574	309,391	181,979	112,437	3,839	298,255	4,735
2003	211,735	120,353	7,087	339,175	190,329	132,644	4,894	327,867	2,193
2004	220,610	134,005	6,622	361,237	200,270	148,484	5,050	353,804	1,572
2005	214,694	133,309	6,353	354,356	195,955	144,197	4,624	344,776	1,729
2006	229,913	141,121	7,120	378,154	205,768	147,582	4,391	357,741	2,729
2007	228,813	153,043	7,048	388,904	204,610	159,493	5,248	369,351	1,800
2008	219,313	152,023	7,046	378,382	199,499	155,231	6,006	360,736	1,040
2009	219,939	154,893	6,878	381,710	198,512	158,441	4,377	361,330	2,501
2010	226,455	155,364	6,857	388,676	205,821	160,847	5,447	372,115	1,410
2011	230,292	166,552	7,027	403,871	210,567	174,555	6,082	391,204	945
Year ended November									
2001	1,913,025	1,307,913	78,831	3,299,769	1,903,374	1,293,159	73,947	3,270,480	4,884
2002	2,019,078	1,300,692	96,071	3,415,841	2,001,830	1,288,486	57,886	3,348,202	38,185
2003	2,074,640	1,366,367	93,426	3,534,433	2,080,469	1,350,100	56,654	3,487,223	36,772
2004	2,331,895	1,725,676	80,882	4,138,453	2,359,522	1,707,413	64,548	4,131,483	16,334
2005	2,388,946	1,876,647	78,741	4,344,334	2,403,465	1,857,046	72,584	4,333,095	6,157
2006	2,409,582	1,878,055	82,920	4,370,557	2,408,778	1,861,752	68,163	4,338,693	14,757
2007	2,467,461	1,973,865	82,588	4,523,914	2,473,333	1,970,988	76,000	4,520,321	6,588
2008	2,453,555	1,986,517	87,351	4,527,423	2,455,229	1,979,490	83,782	4,518,501	3,569
2009	2,439,252	1,937,501	86,533	4,463,286	2,444,939	1,921,103	66,512	4,432,554	20,021
2010	2,520,725	2,010,586	82,687	4,613,998	2,541,195	2,004,875	71,168	4,617,238	11,519
2011	2,582,935	2,084,560	84,442	4,751,937	2,604,919	2,079,733	85,010	4,769,662	-568

- Overseas residents arriving in New Zealand for a stay of less than 12 months.
- New Zealand residents arriving in New Zealand after an absence of less than 12 months.
- Includes overseas migrants who arrive in New Zealand intending to stay for a period of 12 months or more (or permanently), plus New Zealand residents returning after an absence of 12 months or more.
- Overseas residents departing New Zealand after a stay of less than 12 months.
- New Zealand residents departing New Zealand for an absence of less than 12 months.
- Includes New Zealand residents departing for an intended period of 12 months or more (or permanently), plus overseas visitors departing New Zealand after a stay of 12 months or more.
- Permanent and long-term arrivals minus permanent and long-term departures.

Source: Statistics New Zealand

Table 2

International travel and migration

By direction and passenger type

Seasonally adjusted and trend series⁽¹⁾

Month	Arrivals				Departures				Net permanent & long-term migration ⁽⁸⁾	
	Short-term overseas visitors ⁽²⁾	Short-term NZ-resident travellers ⁽³⁾	Permanent & long-term migrants ⁽⁴⁾	Total	Short-term overseas visitors ⁽⁵⁾	Short-term NZ-resident travellers ⁽⁶⁾	Permanent & long-term migrants ⁽⁷⁾	Total		
Series ref: ITM	SVAZS	SRAZS	SPZAS	STZAS	SVDZS	SRDZS	SPZDS	STZDS	SPZNS	
Seasonally adjusted										
2010	Nov	211,700	166,950	6,960	385,610	211,970	169,110	6,450	387,530	510
	Dec	213,240	182,070	6,890	402,200	210,060	177,020	6,210	393,280	680
2011	Jan	217,430	171,470	7,010	395,910	218,450	177,320	6,600	402,370	410
	Feb	208,530	171,970	6,930	387,420	212,270	170,370	6,480	389,120	450
	Mar	193,060	174,880	7,080	375,020	201,390	178,340	7,590	387,330	-510
	Apr	208,080	177,380	7,130	392,590	202,010	174,160	7,190	383,370	-60
	May	208,040	180,120	6,960	395,120	216,470	177,270	7,200	400,930	-240
	Jun	183,920	174,960	6,910	365,800	201,920	176,720	7,150	385,790	-240
	Jul	215,100	174,250	7,360	396,710	210,940	174,610	7,550	393,100	-190
	Aug	224,150	187,700	7,390	419,240	208,720	177,390	7,260	393,370	130
	Sep	265,260	168,250	6,970	440,480	240,450	147,610	7,630	395,690	-660
	Oct	243,430	148,150	6,680	398,260	280,240	169,100	7,330	456,670	-650
	Nov	215,150	179,430	7,130	401,720	217,470	183,540	7,190	408,200	-50
Series ref: ITM	SVAZT	SRAZT	SPZAT	STZAT	SVDZT	SRDZT	SPZDT	STZDT	SPZNT	
Trend										
2010	Nov	211,670	170,780	7,060	390,170	212,380	172,820	6,310	391,530	730
	Dec	211,450	171,070	7,020	390,840	212,130	173,790	6,400	392,440	620
2011	Jan	210,860	172,070	6,990	391,700	210,990	174,640	6,520	392,290	480
	Feb	209,690	173,490	6,980	392,110	208,690	175,200	6,670	390,740	330
	Mar	208,380	174,950	6,990	391,860	205,530	175,670	6,840	388,070	180
	Apr	207,610	176,060	7,040	391,310	203,190	176,150	7,020	386,200	50
	May	208,520	176,560	7,090	391,900	203,470	176,290	7,190	386,910	-80
	Jun	212,010	176,570	7,120	395,270	207,500	176,010	7,300	391,280	-170
	Jul	217,630	176,460	7,140	401,450	214,920	175,260	7,370	398,780	-240
	Aug	224,200	176,570	7,130	409,230	223,890	174,080	7,390	407,330	-290
	Sep	230,800	177,200	7,110	417,490	232,710	172,960	7,400	415,510	-330
	Oct	236,890	178,280	7,080	425,030	240,660	172,440	7,380	422,730	-350
	Nov	242,130	179,460	7,060	430,890	247,340	172,600	7,360	428,430	-360

1. Seasonally adjusted and trend series are revised monthly (see 'Data quality' section of this release).

2. Overseas residents arriving in New Zealand for a stay of less than 12 months.

3. New Zealand residents arriving in New Zealand after an absence of less than 12 months.

4. Includes overseas migrants who arrive in New Zealand intending to stay for a period of 12 months or more (or permanently), plus New Zealand residents returning after an absence of 12 months or more.

5. Overseas residents departing New Zealand after a stay of less than 12 months.

6. New Zealand residents departing New Zealand for an absence of less than 12 months.

7. Includes New Zealand residents departing for an intended period of 12 months or more (or permanently), plus overseas visitors departing New Zealand after a stay of 12 months or more.

8. Permanent and long-term arrivals minus permanent and long-term departures.

Note: Data are independently rounded to the nearest 10.

Source: Statistics New Zealand

Table 3

Short-term overseas visitor arrivals⁽¹⁾
By country of last permanent residence

Country of last permanent residence	November month			Year ended November			Change from 2010			
	2009	2010	2011	2009	2010	2011	Month		Year	
							Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Oceania	96,186	96,225	103,424	1,205,697	1,245,137	1,284,617	7,199	7.5	39,480	3.2
Australia	84,502	84,625	91,056	1,068,667	1,115,408	1,146,273	6,431	7.6	30,865	2.8
Cook Islands	920	800	896	11,015	10,492	11,317	96	12.0	825	7.9
Fiji	2,093	1,800	2,080	24,175	20,778	21,703	280	15.6	925	4.5
French Polynesia	1,633	1,550	1,248	19,254	19,305	17,124	-302	-19.5	-2,181	-11.3
New Caledonia	1,127	1,475	1,312	14,920	16,170	16,387	-163	-11.1	217	1.3
Samoa	1,518	1,550	1,648	17,813	16,780	16,209	98	6.3	-571	-3.4
Tonga	1,564	1,275	1,392	13,199	12,513	12,736	117	9.2	223	1.8
Asia	38,732	45,600	47,840	392,021	450,387	451,976	2,240	4.9	1,589	0.4
China, People's Republic of	11,063	14,875	18,560	104,527	120,222	141,289	3,685	24.8	21,067	17.5
Hong Kong (SAR)	2,116	1,675	2,000	23,221	24,356	24,863	325	19.4	507	2.1
India	2,139	2,650	2,752	24,634	28,932	28,252	102	3.8	-680	-2.4
Indonesia	575	775	976	9,101	9,663	10,736	201	25.9	1,073	11.1
Japan	8,027	8,375	5,840	78,885	88,324	69,417	-2,535	-30.3	-18,907	-21.4
Korea, Republic of	4,370	6,175	4,528	52,462	67,094	52,629	-1,647	-26.7	-14,465	-21.6
Malaysia	2,392	3,000	4,320	19,081	21,392	33,802	1,320	44.0	12,410	58.0
Philippines	644	625	784	7,518	8,168	8,503	159	25.4	335	4.1
Singapore	4,025	3,825	4,688	28,367	30,639	36,990	863	22.6	6,351	20.7
Taiwan	1,541	1,675	1,680	16,341	21,263	17,958	5	0.3	-3,305	-15.5
Thailand	1,150	1,325	832	19,296	21,227	17,958	-493	-37.2	-3,269	-15.4
Europe	51,681	48,300	45,568	481,231	462,214	469,349	-2,732	-5.7	7,135	1.5
Austria	874	925	704	6,792	6,858	6,977	-221	-23.9	119	1.7
Denmark	1,081	1,100	896	10,199	10,165	9,293	-204	-18.5	-872	-8.6
France	2,875	2,775	2,896	22,525	24,760	35,887	121	4.4	11,127	44.9
Germany	8,096	8,025	7,488	63,997	65,221	64,020	-537	-6.7	-1,201	-1.8
Ireland	1,334	1,275	1,088	17,298	13,515	16,417	-187	-14.7	2,902	21.5
Italy	920	900	880	8,433	8,724	8,893	-20	-2.2	169	1.9
Netherlands	3,151	3,075	2,992	24,246	23,545	23,490	-83	-2.7	-55	-0.2
Spain	1,311	1,375	1,328	10,323	10,750	9,861	-47	-3.4	-889	-8.3
Sweden	1,196	1,425	1,328	11,056	11,020	11,488	-97	-6.8	468	4.2
Switzerland	1,771	1,925	1,712	14,511	15,697	16,044	-213	-11.1	347	2.2
United Kingdom	24,518	21,175	20,000	258,060	237,909	231,764	-1,175	-5.5	-6,145	-2.6
Americas	26,128	26,650	24,944	272,667	270,474	268,051	-1,706	-6.4	-2,423	-0.9
Argentina	483	500	528	6,129	5,785	9,768	28	5.6	3,983	68.9
Brazil	851	900	832	11,112	11,643	11,638	-68	-7.6	-5	0.0
Canada	4,922	5,050	4,704	48,548	49,082	49,129	-346	-6.9	47	0.1
United States of America	18,768	19,150	17,856	195,038	191,902	184,228	-1,294	-6.8	-7,674	-4.0
Africa and the Middle East	4,255	4,025	3,520	46,048	44,454	53,701	-505	-12.5	9,247	20.8
South Africa	1,702	1,575	1,536	20,078	17,016	26,343	-39	-2.5	9,327	54.8
United Arab Emirates	506	450	464	7,088	7,652	7,850	14	3.1	198	2.6
Not stated	2,714	4,300	4,416	30,104	35,191	45,957	116	2.7	10,766	30.6
Total⁽²⁾	219,939	226,455	230,292	2,439,252	2,520,725	2,582,935	3,837	1.7	62,210	2.5

1. Overseas residents arriving in New Zealand for a stay of less than 12 months.

2. These totals are actual counts and may differ from the sum of individual figures for different countries that are derived from samples.

Note: SAR Special Administrative Region

Source: Statistics New Zealand

Table 4

Short-term overseas visitor arrivals⁽¹⁾

By travel purpose and country of last permanent residence

	November month			Year ended November			Change from 2010			
	2009	2010	2011	2009	2010	2011	Month		Year	
							Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Visitor arrivals by travel purpose										
Holiday/vacation	111,711	113,400	110,048	1,176,065	1,210,449	1,214,376	-3,352	-3.0	3,927	0.3
Visiting friends/relatives	62,468	60,825	67,872	778,378	781,219	819,441	7,047	11.6	38,222	4.9
Business	24,633	25,925	25,168	229,794	249,179	249,480	-757	-2.9	301	0.1
Education	2,921	3,025	2,720	51,989	54,318	54,104	-305	-10.1	-214	-0.4
Conference/convention	4,738	7,200	7,648	46,542	59,516	52,563	448	6.2	-6,953	-11.7
Other	8,533	8,925	10,384	97,995	98,334	116,773	1,459	16.3	18,439	18.8
Not stated	4,692	5,800	5,872	47,005	54,842	66,914	72	1.2	12,072	22.0
Total⁽²⁾	219,939	226,455	230,292	2,439,252	2,520,725	2,582,935	3,837	1.7	62,210	2.5
Holiday/vacation arrivals by country of last permanent residence										
Australia	34,109	29,275	30,288	449,480	460,024	454,270	1,013	3.5	-5,754	-1.3
United Kingdom	12,443	11,550	9,584	125,164	110,807	105,936	-1,966	-17.0	-4,871	-4.4
United States of America	12,466	12,425	10,816	118,400	112,374	104,854	-1,609	-12.9	-7,520	-6.7
China, People's Republic of	6,992	10,800	13,296	67,393	80,087	94,917	2,496	23.1	14,830	18.5
Japan	6,187	5,850	4,176	57,212	62,938	46,125	-1,674	-28.6	-16,813	-26.7
Germany	6,555	6,075	6,016	45,809	45,341	44,036	-59	-1.0	-1,305	-2.9
Korea, Republic of	2,645	4,275	3,216	27,686	41,342	32,714	-1,059	-24.8	-8,628	-20.9
Canada	2,875	2,925	2,784	27,362	27,628	26,903	-141	-4.8	-725	-2.6
France	2,093	2,100	2,144	13,779	15,253	24,576	44	2.1	9,323	61.1
Malaysia	1,288	1,900	2,800	10,109	11,602	22,697	900	47.4	11,095	95.6
Singapore	2,530	2,350	3,008	15,499	15,968	21,459	658	28.0	5,491	34.4
Netherlands	2,346	2,525	2,080	15,920	15,124	14,689	-445	-17.6	-435	-2.9
India	874	1,325	1,568	11,598	13,787	13,154	243	18.3	-633	-4.6
New Caledonia	713	1,075	1,040	11,500	12,539	12,801	-35	-3.3	262	2.1
Hong Kong (SAR)	1,150	800	1,008	11,797	12,487	12,477	208	26.0	-10	-0.1
French Polynesia	1,311	1,075	784	15,148	14,891	12,349	-291	-27.1	-2,542	-17.1
Taiwan	782	1,075	992	9,702	13,371	10,895	-83	-7.7	-2,476	-18.5
South Africa	207	300	304	4,212	3,577	10,542	4	1.3	6,965	194.7
Switzerland	1,288	1,475	1,216	9,348	10,835	10,338	-259	-17.6	-497	-4.6
Ireland	690	825	624	10,965	7,651	9,912	-201	-24.4	2,261	29.6
Arrivals to visit friends/relatives by country of last permanent residence										
Australia	29,762	30,800	36,368	403,780	412,241	442,868	5,568	18.1	30,627	7.4
United Kingdom	10,189	8,150	8,464	112,947	107,630	104,568	314	3.9	-3,062	-2.8
United States of America	3,289	3,075	2,992	40,996	41,216	39,701	-83	-2.7	-1,515	-3.7
China, People's Republic of	1,334	1,800	1,760	15,861	18,857	20,517	-40	-2.2	1,660	8.8
Canada	1,518	1,400	1,328	14,715	15,045	15,170	-72	-5.1	125	0.8
Fiji	1,288	1,100	1,280	15,684	12,840	13,069	180	16.4	229	1.8
South Africa	1,311	1,125	1,056	13,190	10,996	11,411	-69	-6.1	415	3.8
Business arrivals by country of last permanent residence										
Australia	14,766	15,500	14,832	142,251	154,858	154,328	-668	-4.3	-530	-0.3
United States of America	1,794	2,200	1,920	17,296	19,522	19,676	-280	-12.7	154	0.8
China, People's Republic of	1,564	1,300	1,888	10,124	10,812	12,334	588	45.2	1,522	14.1
United Kingdom	1,150	825	1,056	10,181	9,989	10,532	231	28.0	543	5.4

1. Overseas residents arriving in New Zealand for a stay of less than 12 months.

2. These totals are actual counts and may differ from the sum of individual figures for different countries that are derived from samples.

Note: SAR Special Administrative Region**Source:** Statistics New Zealand

Table 5

Short-term New Zealand-resident traveller departures⁽¹⁾
 By country of main destination

Country of main destination	November month			Year ended November			Change from 2010			
	2009	2010	2011	2009	2010	2011	Month		Year	
							Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Oceania	93,474	96,512	103,800	1,182,724	1,221,593	1,236,884	7,288	7.6	15,291	1.3
Australia	76,518	79,460	84,100	942,572	969,374	971,051	4,640	5.8	1,677	0.2
Cook Islands	3,591	4,234	4,960	55,727	59,555	66,831	726	17.1	7,276	12.2
Fiji	6,345	6,003	6,920	91,477	96,000	101,240	917	15.3	5,240	5.5
New Caledonia	486	377	600	7,152	7,473	7,839	223	59.2	366	4.9
Samoa	3,456	3,219	3,540	41,619	44,329	42,342	321	10.0	-1,987	-4.5
Tonga	1,134	1,160	1,000	16,197	17,004	17,011	-160	-13.8	7	0.0
Vanuatu	729	667	800	11,554	11,273	11,000	133	19.9	-273	-2.4
Asia	31,266	29,174	32,800	250,566	267,361	300,206	3,626	12.4	32,845	12.3
China, People's Republic of	7,155	6,931	7,780	55,948	64,612	66,879	849	12.2	2,267	3.5
Hong Kong (SAR)	2,565	2,146	1,920	18,067	16,555	17,604	-226	-10.5	1,049	6.3
India	5,886	5,046	6,100	29,801	29,902	34,949	1,054	20.9	5,047	16.9
Indonesia	945	986	1,200	12,091	14,992	16,783	214	21.7	1,791	11.9
Japan	1,350	1,189	1,500	19,078	19,638	16,588	311	26.2	-3,050	-15.5
Korea, Republic of	2,079	1,885	2,240	13,609	13,817	14,972	355	18.8	1,155	8.4
Malaysia	2,106	2,262	2,060	16,370	18,788	23,078	-202	-8.9	4,290	22.8
Philippines	621	783	1,080	9,544	11,177	14,826	297	37.9	3,649	32.6
Singapore	1,188	1,682	1,920	13,839	14,539	19,869	238	14.1	5,330	36.7
Taiwan	1,728	1,392	1,420	9,877	11,327	10,738	28	2.0	-589	-5.2
Thailand	2,619	2,204	2,360	30,216	27,937	36,013	156	7.1	8,076	28.9
Viet Nam	891	841	1,040	8,842	9,917	11,872	199	23.7	1,955	19.7
Europe	7,074	7,134	7,480	154,773	168,834	168,535	346	4.9	-299	-0.2
France	540	464	480	12,397	13,972	13,551	16	3.4	-421	-3.0
Germany	837	696	780	11,305	12,800	11,423	84	12.1	-1,377	-10.8
Italy	378	174	280	9,241	10,795	12,902	106	60.9	2,107	19.5
United Kingdom	3,510	3,799	4,020	87,180	92,673	91,568	221	5.8	-1,105	-1.2
Americas	9,207	8,990	10,000	125,145	132,058	137,586	1,010	11.2	5,528	4.2
Canada	999	754	1,020	20,015	18,655	18,982	266	35.3	327	1.8
United States of America	6,291	6,670	7,280	88,515	97,760	102,866	610	9.1	5,106	5.2
Africa and the Middle East	3,726	4,669	4,420	33,242	40,254	36,773	-249	-5.3	-3,481	-8.6
South Africa	1,161	1,711	1,900	12,939	16,177	14,964	189	11.0	-1,213	-7.5
Not stated	13,473	14,790	16,240	173,034	174,803	203,367	1,450	9.8	28,564	16.3
Total⁽²⁾	158,441	160,847	174,555	1,921,103	2,004,875	2,079,733	13,708	8.5	74,858	3.7

1. New Zealand residents departing New Zealand for an absence of less than 12 months.

2. These totals are actual counts and may differ from the sum of individual figures for different countries that are derived from samples.

Note: SAR Special Administrative Region

Source: Statistics New Zealand

Table 6

Permanent and long-term arrivals⁽¹⁾
By country of last permanent residence

Country of last permanent residence	November month			Year ended November			Change from 2010			
	2009	2010	2011	2009	2010	2011	Month		Year	
							Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Oceania	1,494	1,368	1,252	20,641	20,168	18,691	-116	-8.5	-1,477	-7.3
Australia	1,197	1,143	997	14,594	15,758	14,357	-146	-12.8	-1,401	-8.9
Fiji	109	56	62	2,961	1,379	1,130	6	10.7	-249	-18.1
Samoa	91	74	116	1,509	1,395	1,572	42	56.8	177	12.7
Tonga	36	59	32	619	701	610	-27	-45.8	-91	-13.0
Asia	1,529	1,888	1,941	26,251	26,490	26,671	53	2.8	181	0.7
China, People's Republic of	455	489	548	5,910	6,160	7,353	59	12.1	1,193	19.4
Hong Kong (SAR)	24	54	78	628	643	795	24	44.4	152	23.6
India	381	529	493	6,829	7,480	6,330	-36	-6.8	-1,150	-15.4
Japan	135	112	110	2,156	2,009	1,961	-2	-1.8	-48	-2.4
Korea, Republic of	76	97	88	2,069	2,017	1,742	-9	-9.3	-275	-13.6
Malaysia	74	103	69	1,361	1,359	1,439	-34	-33.0	80	5.9
Philippines	118	148	220	2,783	1,936	2,221	72	48.6	285	14.7
Singapore	26	60	44	480	601	629	-16	-26.7	28	4.7
Sri Lanka	28	29	48	477	520	600	19	65.5	80	15.4
Taiwan	45	66	49	712	773	733	-17	-25.8	-40	-5.2
Thailand	55	43	50	872	826	834	7	16.3	8	1.0
Viet Nam	15	42	25	515	605	519	-17	-40.5	-86	-14.2
Europe	2,773	2,455	2,674	26,195	22,670	24,643	219	8.9	1,973	8.7
Czech Republic	49	87	117	282	400	533	30	34.5	133	33.3
France	211	237	232	1,356	1,261	1,652	-5	-2.1	391	31.0
Germany	239	182	209	2,572	2,376	2,660	27	14.8	284	12.0
Ireland	160	164	189	1,652	1,348	1,877	25	15.2	529	39.2
United Kingdom	1,842	1,508	1,600	17,597	14,555	14,865	92	6.1	310	2.1
Americas	683	704	694	7,147	7,340	7,496	-10	-1.4	156	2.1
Argentina	85	58	57	546	510	527	-1	-1.7	17	3.3
Canada	193	215	206	1,767	1,910	1,892	-9	-4.2	-18	-0.9
Chile	72	39	39	510	515	536	0	0.0	21	4.1
United States of America	281	293	334	3,511	3,570	3,643	41	14.0	73	2.0
Africa and the Middle East	292	258	207	4,535	3,868	3,813	-51	-19.8	-55	-1.4
Saudi Arabia	24	37	22	595	610	574	-15	-40.5	-36	-5.9
South Africa	99	82	77	1,923	1,292	1,233	-5	-6.1	-59	-4.6
United Arab Emirates	31	43	27	470	529	567	-16	-37.2	38	7.2
Not stated	107	184	259	1,764	2,151	3,128	75	40.8	977	45.4
Total	6,878	6,857	7,027	86,533	82,687	84,442	170	2.5	1,755	2.1

1. Includes overseas migrants who arrive in New Zealand intending to stay for a period of 12 months or more (or permanently), plus New Zealand residents returning after an absence of 12 months or more.

Note: SAR Special Administrative Region

Source: Statistics New Zealand

Table 7

Permanent and long-term departures⁽¹⁾
By country of next permanent residence

Country of next permanent residence	November month			Year ended November			Change from 2010			
	2009	2010	2011	2009	2010	2011	Month		Year	
							Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Oceania	2,206	3,066	3,699	36,368	38,410	52,540	633	20.6	14,130	36.8
Australia	2,034	2,873	3,528	34,080	35,833	50,115	655	22.8	14,282	39.9
Fiji	53	33	28	565	695	606	-5	-15.2	-89	-12.8
Samoa	35	55	49	638	704	654	-6	-10.9	-50	-7.1
Tonga	27	27	30	232	310	303	3	11.1	-7	-2.3
Asia	897	968	1,060	9,966	10,839	11,335	92	9.5	496	4.6
China, People's Republic of	208	243	236	2,215	2,532	2,737	-7	-2.9	205	8.1
Hong Kong (SAR)	31	40	47	335	396	429	7	17.5	33	8.3
India	88	115	114	931	1,206	1,276	-1	-0.9	70	5.8
Japan	92	75	72	1,304	1,153	1,089	-3	-4.0	-64	-5.6
Korea, Republic of	197	175	164	2,218	2,274	2,197	-11	-6.3	-77	-3.4
Malaysia	53	122	197	698	840	923	75	61.5	83	9.9
Philippines	46	11	24	375	366	422	13	118.2	56	15.3
Singapore	43	26	43	407	467	485	17	65.4	18	3.9
Sri Lanka	5	19	13	55	113	113	-6	-31.6	0	0.0
Taiwan	26	26	23	293	340	336	-3	-11.5	-4	-1.2
Thailand	49	46	50	416	359	383	4	8.7	24	6.7
Viet Nam	11	16	29	149	175	264	13	81.3	89	50.9
Europe	650	765	744	12,203	13,268	13,071	-21	-2.7	-197	-1.5
Czech Republic	5	10	10	132	142	139	0	0.0	-3	-2.1
France	47	60	63	578	701	716	3	5.0	15	2.1
Germany	41	60	64	979	1,121	1,057	4	6.7	-64	-5.7
Ireland	20	36	33	481	443	354	-3	-8.3	-89	-20.1
United Kingdom	436	488	465	8,373	9,108	9,029	-23	-4.7	-79	-0.9
Americas	410	417	386	5,104	5,555	5,173	-31	-7.4	-382	-6.9
Argentina	11	12	14	148	185	166	2	16.7	-19	-10.3
Canada	183	127	143	1,667	1,590	1,482	16	12.6	-108	-6.8
Chile	24	27	23	304	301	251	-4	-14.8	-50	-16.6
United States of America	126	164	148	2,270	2,715	2,645	-16	-9.8	-70	-2.6
Africa and the Middle East	145	138	107	2,027	1,979	1,751	-31	-22.5	-228	-11.5
Saudi Arabia	22	24	23	161	199	202	-1	-4.2	3	1.5
South Africa	70	43	36	630	628	529	-7	-16.3	-99	-15.8
United Arab Emirates	19	28	17	478	448	380	-11	-39.3	-68	-15.2
Not stated	69	93	86	844	1,117	1,140	-7	-7.5	23	2.1
Total	4,377	5,447	6,082	66,512	71,168	85,010	635	11.7	13,842	19.4

1. Includes New Zealand residents departing for an intended period of 12 months or more (or permanently), plus overseas visitors departing New Zealand after a stay of 12 months or more.

Note: SAR Special Administrative Region

Source: Statistics New Zealand

Table 8

Net permanent and long-term migration⁽¹⁾
By country of last/next permanent residence

Country of last/next permanent residence	November month ⁽²⁾			Year ended November ⁽²⁾			Change from 2010	
	2009	2010	2011	2009	2010	2011	Month	Year
Oceania	-712	-1,698	-2,447	-15,727	-18,242	-33,849	-749	-15,607
Australia	-837	-1,730	-2,531	-19,486	-20,075	-35,758	-801	-15,683
Fiji	56	23	34	2,396	684	524	11	-160
Samoa	56	19	67	871	691	918	48	227
Tonga	9	32	2	387	391	307	-30	-84
Asia	632	920	881	16,285	15,651	15,336	-39	-315
China, People's Republic of	247	246	312	3,695	3,628	4,616	66	988
Hong Kong (SAR)	-7	14	31	293	247	366	17	119
India	293	414	379	5,898	6,274	5,054	-35	-1,220
Japan	43	37	38	852	856	872	1	16
Korea, Republic of	-121	-78	-76	-149	-257	-455	2	-198
Malaysia	21	-19	-128	663	519	516	-109	-3
Philippines	72	137	196	2,408	1,570	1,799	59	229
Singapore	-17	34	1	73	134	144	-33	10
Sri Lanka	23	10	35	422	407	487	25	80
Taiwan	19	40	26	419	433	397	-14	-36
Thailand	6	-3	0	456	467	451	3	-16
Viet Nam	4	26	-4	366	430	255	-30	-175
Europe	2,123	1,690	1,930	13,992	9,402	11,572	240	2,170
Czech Republic	44	77	107	150	258	394	30	136
France	164	177	169	778	560	936	-8	376
Germany	198	122	145	1,593	1,255	1,603	23	348
Ireland	140	128	156	1,171	905	1,523	28	618
United Kingdom	1,406	1,020	1,135	9,224	5,447	5,836	115	389
Americas	273	287	308	2,043	1,785	2,323	21	538
Argentina	74	46	43	398	325	361	-3	36
Canada	10	88	63	100	320	410	-25	90
Chile	48	12	16	206	214	285	4	71
United States of America	155	129	186	1,241	855	998	57	143
Africa and the Middle East	147	120	100	2,508	1,889	2,062	-20	173
Saudi Arabia	2	13	-1	434	411	372	-14	-39
South Africa	29	39	41	1,293	664	704	2	40
United Arab Emirates	12	15	10	-8	81	187	-5	106
Not stated	38	91	173	920	1,034	1,988	82	954
Total	2,501	1,410	945	20,021	11,519	-568	-465	-12,087

1. Net permanent and long-term (PLT) migration is derived by subtracting PLT departures from PLT arrivals. PLT arrivals include overseas migrants who arrive in New Zealand intending to stay for a period of 12 months or more (or permanently), plus New Zealand residents returning after an absence of 12 months or more. PLT departures include New Zealand residents departing for an intended period of 12 months or more (or permanently), plus overseas visitors departing New Zealand after a stay of 12 months or more.

2. A minus sign indicates an excess of departures over arrivals.

Note: SAR Special Administrative Region

Source: Statistics New Zealand

Table 9

Permanent and long-term migration By citizenship

Period	Citizenship								
	New Zealand			Non-New Zealand			Total		
	Arrivals ⁽¹⁾	Departures ⁽²⁾	Net	Arrivals ⁽¹⁾	Departures ⁽²⁾	Net	Arrivals ⁽¹⁾	Departures ⁽²⁾	Net
To/from all countries⁽³⁾									
November month									
2001	2,637	2,834	-197	5,421	1,204	4,217	8,058	4,038	4,020
2002	2,695	2,415	280	5,879	1,424	4,455	8,574	3,839	4,735
2003	2,598	2,818	-220	4,489	2,076	2,413	7,087	4,894	2,193
2004	2,397	2,969	-572	4,225	2,081	2,144	6,622	5,050	1,572
2005	2,047	2,964	-917	4,306	1,660	2,646	6,353	4,624	1,729
2006	2,349	2,879	-530	4,771	1,512	3,259	7,120	4,391	2,729
2007	2,299	3,548	-1,249	4,749	1,700	3,049	7,048	5,248	1,800
2008	2,254	4,131	-1,877	4,792	1,875	2,917	7,046	6,006	1,040
2009	2,436	2,465	-29	4,442	1,912	2,530	6,878	4,377	2,501
2010	2,044	3,369	-1,325	4,813	2,078	2,735	6,857	5,447	1,410
2011	1,952	3,848	-1,896	5,075	2,234	2,841	7,027	6,082	945
Year ended November									
2001	22,867	58,463	-35,596	55,964	15,484	40,480	78,831	73,947	4,884
2002	25,292	42,544	-17,252	70,779	15,342	55,437	96,071	57,886	38,185
2003	27,695	38,428	-10,733	65,731	18,226	47,505	93,426	56,654	36,772
2004	25,429	42,728	-17,299	55,453	21,820	33,633	80,882	64,548	16,334
2005	24,211	49,301	-25,090	54,530	23,283	31,247	78,741	72,584	6,157
2006	24,347	47,472	-23,125	58,573	20,691	37,882	82,920	68,163	14,757
2007	23,108	54,722	-31,614	59,480	21,278	38,202	82,588	76,000	6,588
2008	23,369	60,871	-37,502	63,982	22,911	41,071	87,351	83,782	3,569
2009	25,843	42,988	-17,145	60,690	23,524	37,166	86,533	66,512	20,021
2010	25,060	44,884	-19,824	57,627	26,284	31,343	82,687	71,168	11,519
2011	23,715	58,577	-34,862	60,727	26,433	34,294	84,442	85,010	-568
To/from Australia⁽⁴⁾									
November month									
2001	735	1,621	-886	312	223	89	1,047	1,844	-797
2002	739	1,448	-709	394	189	205	1,133	1,637	-504
2003	783	1,713	-930	366	293	73	1,149	2,006	-857
2004	680	1,915	-1,235	371	288	83	1,051	2,203	-1,152
2005	580	1,997	-1,417	345	285	60	925	2,282	-1,357
2006	692	1,956	-1,264	344	275	69	1,036	2,231	-1,195
2007	653	2,567	-1,914	358	328	30	1,011	2,895	-1,884
2008	629	3,117	-2,488	333	403	-70	962	3,520	-2,558
2009	818	1,744	-926	379	290	89	1,197	2,034	-837
2010	729	2,496	-1,767	414	377	37	1,143	2,873	-1,730
2011	630	3,084	-2,454	367	444	-77	997	3,528	-2,531
Year ended November									
2001	7,807	34,600	-26,793	4,105	3,506	599	11,912	38,106	-26,194
2002	8,529	22,272	-13,743	4,450	3,171	1,279	12,979	25,443	-12,464
2003	9,286	20,934	-11,648	4,879	3,148	1,731	14,165	24,082	-9,917
2004	8,844	25,010	-16,166	5,494	3,473	2,021	14,338	28,483	-14,145
2005	8,204	30,590	-22,386	5,226	4,140	1,086	13,430	34,730	-21,300
2006	8,418	29,816	-21,398	4,953	4,057	896	13,371	33,873	-20,502
2007	8,407	36,243	-27,836	5,214	4,543	671	13,621	40,786	-27,165
2008	8,294	43,515	-35,221	4,874	4,959	-85	13,168	48,474	-35,306
2009	9,826	29,828	-20,002	4,768	4,252	516	14,594	34,080	-19,486
2010	10,341	31,252	-20,911	5,417	4,581	836	15,758	35,833	-20,075
2011	9,101	44,937	-35,836	5,256	5,178	78	14,357	50,115	-35,758

1. For a definition of permanent and long-term arrivals, see table 6.

2. For a definition of permanent and long-term departures, see table 7.

3. Figures to/from all countries are derived from the ITM series SP1AZZZ0NZ, SP1DZZZ0NZ, SP1NZZZ0NZ, SP1AZZZZZZ, SP1DZZZZZZ, and SP1NZZZZZZ, eg arrivals of non-New Zealand citizens is SP1AZZZZZZ minus SP1AZZZ0NZ.

4. Figures to/from Australia are derived from the ITM series SP1A1AU0NZ, SP1D1AU0NZ, SP1N1AU0NZ, SP1A1AUZZZ, SP1D1AUZZZ, and SP1N1AUZZZ.

Source: Statistics New Zealand